WILLIAM! AUTHOR OF KENNELY BOOK IN DE PUBLISHED IN 1969 APPOINTMENT WITH DIRECTOR, 10:10 A.M., 6-4-64 By appointment, I introduced William Manchester, who has been commissioned by hirs. John F. Kennedy to write a book concerning the four days surrounding the assassination and funeral of the late President, to the Director at 16:10 a. m., today in the Director's Office. Mr. Manchester first thanked the Director for seeing him. He explained that he included seen approximately 90 people, principally in Washington; however had not set gone to Dallas, Texas, inasmuch as Chief Justice Warren felt that he should not conduct interviews in Dallas until after the Varren Commission report had been issued. In instituting a series of questions to the Director, Mr. Manches: 11 inquired as to what the Director was doing on November 22, 23, 24 and 25, 1963. / Manchester added that he would first like to start with November 22, 1933, at the precise moment the Director first received the news that the President had been shot. The .. Orrector replied that he had just returned from lunch. This was approximately 1:10 p. nt 4 news item was brought in to him reflecting the President had been shot. The Lirectory mediately called the Attorney General who was at his home dining with the U. S. Attorney from New York, Mr. Morgenthan. The Director advised the Attorney General hat a news announcement had been made that the President had been wounded. The Oirector stated he next talked to the SAC of our Office in Dallas, Texas. He was informed hat the President had been wounded and had been taken to the Parkland Memorial Hospita The SAC also advised that Governor Connally had been shot and was now in the emergency form with Kennedy at the same hospital. Mrs. Kennedy and Mrs. Connally, who were iding in the same car, had not been hit. The SAC told the Director that it appeared that he shots had come from an upper sory window of the Texas Book Depository Building. inclosure NOT RELORDED - Miss Gandy - Miss Holmes - Mr. Belmont - Mr. Stillyan - Mr. Jones Alsere!

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The Dallas Office additionally advised the Director shortly after 2:00 p.m.; General once again and told him of the death of his brother. At this time the Director inclined as to whether the Attorney General planned to go to Dallas. The Director stated that he had advised the Attorney General that it such plans were in the making he would facilitate his departure and arrival. The Director told Manchester that shortly thereafter an mediately flown back to Washington and that the President's body would be in as President. The Director later called the Attorney General once again and told him that the PEI was moving into the investigation. The Director advised Manchester that the FBI took this action despite the fact that there was no law making it a Federal violation to

At this point the Director gave Manchester a brief history of the assassination of SAC Shanahan in Chicago, Illinois, in the middle 1920's. There was no federal law against assaulting or murdering an FEI Agent at that time. The Director told Manchester he initiated action to make it a Federal crime to assault or kill an FBI Agent so that proper action could be taken in Federal court rather than a local court in such matters.

The Director told Manchester that if the FBI had taken custody of Lee Harvey Oswald, Jr., Osvald would never have been killed by Jack Ruby. The Director stated that the murder of Oswald by Ruby naturally gave rise to considerable speculation and rumor. All of this could have been avoided had the Dallas police taken or proper action to protect Oswald.

The Director told Manchester that the FBI immediately entered the case, despite non-jurisdiction, and that we interviewed Oswald as soon as he was made available. The Director stated that on the evening of November 22, 1963, at approximately 7:25 p.m., of the case involving the assassination. The Director stated he advised the President that the FBI had already entered the case and that we would, of course, go all out in this immediater. The Director also told the President that he was concerned about the great immediately coming out of Dallas.

The Director then told Manchester that the Dallas police had given out considerable information received as a result of FBI findings, particularly from cur saboratory. He added that on the 4th or 5th day following the assassination be instructed at the contact Chief of Police Carry and order him to make no further tatements to the press with respect to the evidence or investigation surrounding the ssassination. The Director told Manchester that this Chief of Police could have told

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him to go to hell; however, he had recognized the obvious necessity and logic of such instructions and indicomplied. The Director explained to Manchester at some length the necessity to keep physical evidence confined prior to the prosecution of an individual.

The Director informed Manchester that following the President's call at 7:25 p.m., November 22, 1963, he gave specific instructions that the FBI do everything possible to thoroughly investigate this case. The Director stated that additional personnel were immediately sent to Dallas. He told Manchester this was necessary ires much as our Dallas Office and FBI Headquarters, as well as other offices, received Lundreds and hundreds of phone calls, telegrams and letters setting forth leads in this case.

Manchester inquired as to whether the Director placed any significance to the anonymous phone call concerning the plan to murder Oswald. The Director replied that we had no way of knowing at the time whether any importance should be attached or not; however, we did have the responsibility to immediately notify the Dallas police, which we did.

The Director characterized Jack Ruby as somewhat of a "police buff."
As a result of his friendship with a number of police officers he had easy accessibility to the Dallas Police Department. The Director stated that he did not know whether Ruby's reported insanity was of the sincere or faked type inasmuch as we were not psychiatrists. He stated that Ruby had given the excuse that he had killed Oswald because of his obvious affection for the late President and the fact that he wanted to prevent any further sorrow to Mrs. Kennedy inasmuch as she would necessarily have to return to Dallas and testify against Oswald.

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Managester inquired as to the exact location of the Director at the time kwald was killed on Sunday, November 24, 1963. The Director replied that he was at time, and stated that the Dallas Office contacted him immediately following this event, inchester inquired as to the Director's immediate reaction. The Director replied that is first thought was how such an event could take place, particularly under a system of ivilized justice. The Director added that he had ordered an immediate check on Jack may and particularly to ascertain if there had been a relationship between Ruby and swald.

Manchester inquired as to whether the Director was watching television to the time of Oswald's murder. The Director replied in the negative. He stated he was orking on official papers at the time. The Director added that he usually saved Sundays review lengthy documents and memoranda as well as to prepare himself for interviews, earings, etc.

Manchester inquired as to what the Director was doing on Friday morning, ovember 22, 1963, prior to the assassination. The Director replied that he was onducting business as usual, that he had had a number of interviews that particular forning.

Manchester inquired as to the physical location of the wire service ticker achine. He was told that it is located across the hall and that pertinent wire service ems are brought in to the Director immediately.

The Director told Manchester that his first conversation on November 22, 263, with our Dallas Office occurred at approximately 1:48 p.m. The Director was ivised at that time that the President was not believed to be dead yet but that he had affered a mortal wound. The Director mentioned that on the occasion of his second all to the Attorney General, the Attorney General had indicated that he had also been in such with a number of the Presidential Staff and had been informed of a number of tails concerning the shooting and the fact that the President had died.

Manchester inquired as to the Director's opinion of the Attorney General's action upon being informed that the President had been shot. The Director replied at the Attorney General had been silent for a few moments and had then requested that e Director keep him informed of any further facts received concerning this matter. The Director told Manchester that the Attorney General is usually very quiet in manner til he has all the necessary facts of a given situation. The Director stated that the torney General was not the explosive type unless he became angry.

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The state of the s Magchester told the Director that the President's call to the Director at :25 p.m., November 22, 1983, appeared to be one of the first calls that the President nade up on returning to Vashington that evening. The Director replied that he would ormise that this was correct. The Director added that our investigation proceeded. arthullh. Lowever, it was not until Monday or Tuesday of the following week that the". resident occided to name a Presidential Commission to look into the assassination. he Director told Manchester that an FBI report had been sent to the Warren Commission ithin ten days after the President had set up this body. The Director stated that he ersonally rad appeared before the Warren Commission and that he considered their costioning of him to be quite thorough. He stated that thoroughness was necessary on to part of the Commission inasmuch as this would serve to assist in quelling gossip and peculation in the future. The Director quickly added, however, that rumors will octinue concerning this case, especially in Europe where there is widespread gossip theerning a supposed conspiracy, for many years. .

The Director told Manchester that the statement that some of the formation may be withheld by the Warren Commission naturally gave rise to further amor. Manchester replied that he could understand the Chief Justice's statement in this egard inasmuch as not just any individual should be allowed to look at the classified aterial sent to the Commission by some agencies. The Director replied that the issue point is such that excessive precautions of security is unwise. The Director explained at he had never been a great believer in wasteful precautions or going overboard [12] egarding excessive security. He stated that an item is either classified or else it isn't assified. The Director gave examples of leaks in Government that have given several residents extreme cause and worry. He stated that the FBI is usually called upon to vestigate these leaks, however, newspapermen naturally do not desire to reveal their burces. The Director stated that If newspapermen did reveal such sources that quite turally the sources would dry up.

Manchester inquired of the Director as to whether the assassination case scame one of major concern following the President's call at 7:25 p.m., November 22, 33. The Director stated that as he had previously indicated, the FBI had already . . . thered this case. He added, however, that after the President's call we went all out in bing such things as working around the clock, sending a Washington-based FBI official. Dallas and adding approximately 30 Agents to the Dallas personnel complement. The frector stated that we still have at least 50 men who are tied up in running down leads. I this particular case throughout the FBI's service. He stated that this case will never s closed from an investigative point of view inasmuch as we will continually receive ads, many from mental cases, which necessarily have to be checked out - 5 - 5

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Manchester asked if the matter of a President being assassinated not sing a Federal crime had ever been discussed fully by the Congress, or anyone else, economy to the Director's knowledge. The Director replied that there had been no soussion to any extent. He stated the matter had just never been considered.

Manchester inquired as to whether the FBI had prior material on Oswald after the assassination. The Director replied that we did have some information agarding Oswald, however, it was quite flimsy in nature. The Director then explained a some length the background of Oswald. He told Manchester of the press releases that swald made in Moscow. He told Manchester of Oswald's employment in a factory in insignance in Moscow. He told Manchester of Oswald's employment in a factory in insignance in the fact that Oswald had later returned to Moscow. The Director sted that he certainly did not understand why the Department of State had failed to have swald sign an affidavit forfeitting his American citizenship at the time Oswald returned in Moscow and visited the U.S. Embassy. Manchester spoke up and stated that the late Department claimed they had wanted to find out if Oswald had committed an atracquable trime in the Soviet Union, therefore, no signed affidavit was taken from im. The Director again deplored the failure to have such an affidavit executed.

STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA The Director continued that we had interviewed Oswald within two or three lys following his arrival in the United States. He explained that we, of course, desired find out if Oswald had been recruited as an intelligence agent by the Soviet Union. The irector told Manchester that this did not appear to be true. He added that Oswald had assified himself as a Marxist rather than a communist. The Director added that swald had later been interviewed in New Orleans after getting into a street squabble : ith anti-Castroites over leaflets being handed out by Oswald. The Director told Canchester that Oswald could best be termed a "Ioner." He explained Oswald's ommunications with the Communist Party in the United States but added that Oswald ad never joined the Party. The Director told of the incidents surrounding Oswald's tempt to kill General Walker in Dallas. He added that Oswald's wife, Marina, had wised us of this incident following the assassination. The Director summarized this art of the interview by indicating there appeared to be nothing in Oswald's background high would reflect that he was a man of violence and most certainly nothing which with dicated that Oswald had any intentions of assassinating the President.

Manchester asked if the Director did not find it odd that Mrs. Oswald a failed to tell anyone about the attempted assassination of General Valker until after a murder of President Kennedy. The Director replied that he did not find this odd in lew of the cold relationship between Oswald and his wife, the language barrier on the lirt of Mrs. Oswald and the fact that Mrs. Oswald did not have the natural instincts of a American woman but to the contrary had a different attitude altogether. He stated he aced no significance in Mrs. Oswald's failure to advise of this incident prior to the season of the

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The Director told Manchester that it was extremely difficult to speculate on the motivations of Oswald to kill the President. The Director stated it was entirely possible Oswald may have wanted to kill Governor John Connally. He explained that Oswald had written communications to Governor Connally protesting his particular type of discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps. The Director added that President Kennedy was an intellectual liberal type. He stated that President Kennedy had been desirous of keeping peace with honor. He stated that President Kennedy desired peaceful co-existence than the dealings with Khrushchev, had a fairly good relationship with Khrushchev and the lowlet Union. The Director summed up by stating that Oswald could not have desired to the President because the President had dealt harshly, or spoken harshly, against the Communist Party and Chairman Khrushchev.

Manchester speculated that perhaps the communists, including Oswald, ild not like the relationship between the late President and Khrushchev; therefore, the communists desired to do away with President Kennedy so that this obstacle to their resired philosophy could be removed. The Director replied that this was entirely possible, however, he wanted Manchester to clearly understand that Khrushchev was not person to be trusted and that Chairman Khrushchev had a very cold and evil mind. The Director, at this point, gave examples of Khrushchev's understanding of the English anguage despite the fact that he had Diroyanovsky, an excellent interpreter, with him tall times while on his visits to the United States. The Director told Manchester that he had always felt it better to kick individuals like Khrushchev on the shins once in a while rather than to boot-lick them. The Director explained that Khrushchev was asically an oriental and that individuals opposing orientals usually lost face in the oriental's opinion when fear or trepidation was shown.

week to have a transfer to the first of the Manchester inquired as to whether the Director's duties and esponsibilities allowed him to participate personally in the funeral ceremonies. The Director replied in the negative. He stated he had been at his desk constantly. He dded that he had issued instructions that FBI personnel participate officially in the eremonies by assisting Secret Service as much as possible. The Director spoke of the nany visiting foreign dignitaries and of the dangers involved in the march from the Thite House to St. Matthew's Cathedral. He told Manchester that over 40 Special gents had been assigned to assist Secret Service, particularly at St. Matthew's athedral. He further told Manchester that the authority to protect the President was learly a function of the Secret Service; however, since the assassination we have: ssisted when called upon. The Director briefly advised Manchester at this point of the mmediate widespread ramifications of this case following the actual shooting. He told fanchester that leads had spread to Mexico as well as throughout the entire United States. herefore, it has been necessary for him personally to remain at his desk so as to upervise this matter. de la company de

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At this point I reminded Manchester of his previous statement to me that a had to be at the White House at 11:15 a.m. Manchester thanked the Director twice you his departure and stated that he was very appreciative of the Director's cooperation his considerable time taken from a busy schedule to be of assistance.

33:37:

The Director may desire to send the Attorney General the attached letter desting that he had seen Manchester.

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